### Arkansas Maternal Health Community of Practice

# Initial Meeting 5/18/2023





Arkansas Perinatal Quality Collaborative



# Agenda

10:00	Community of Practice goals & expectations – William Greenfield, MD
10:15	State of maternal health in AR
10:30	Breakout session
10:45	Centering equity in Community of Practice work –Zenobia Harris, DNP
11:00	Strategic plan & next steps – Krista Langston, MBA
11:15	Questions/discussion
11:30	Adjourn

### Origin of the Community of Practice

• Five-year "Maternal Health Innovation" award for Arkansas from the Health Resources and Services Administration:

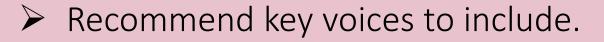
Convene a state maternal health taskforce
Develop a maternal health strategic plan
Pilot "innovations" to improve outcomes & disparities

### **Community of Practice Goals**

- 1. To increase coordination between maternal health stakeholders in the state of Arkansas.
- 2. To provide a venue for disseminating information related to maternal health policies, resources, and initiatives.
- 3. To develop a strategic plan to address maternal health needs in Arkansas.

### **Community of Practice Composition**

Policy advocates/ experts Healthcare providers Social services and support programs Patient and community advocates Funders and philanthropy



Introduce yourself in the chat:

Name

Organization

Which role(s) would you list for yourself (policy, provider,

patient/community, funder/philanthropy)?

## **Community of Practice Expectations**

*Come prepared to learn.* Different organizations and initiatives working to improve maternal health will present at each meeting.

*Come prepared to share.* Members will contribute their perspectives to the strategic planning process and have opportunities to present their organization's work.

*Come prepared to connect.* To foster coordination and collaboration, each session will include a breakout session for informal relationship building.



Put aside distractions.

Listen with curiosity.

Take information back to your organization.

## Sharing

Volunteer for presentation slots in upcoming meetings.

Contribute to the priority setting surveys.

Provide your feedback on how to maximize the impact of this community of practice.



Engage with others in the breakout groups.

Ask for partners and collaborators as needed.

Continue the conversation outside these meetings.

### State of Maternal Health in Arkansas

William Greenfield, MD, MBA, FACOG Professor Obstetrics & Gynecology University of Arkansas for Medial Sciences Medical Director of Family Health Arkansas Department of Health

# Maternal Mortality

- United States Deaths of Maternal causes
  - 1,205 in 2021
  - 861 in 2020
  - 754 in 2019
- The maternal mortality rate:
  - 2021 -> 32.9 deaths per 100,000 live births
  - 2020 ->23.8 deaths per 100,000 live births
  - 2019 ->20.1 deaths per 100,000 live births



# Severe Maternal Morbidity (SMM)

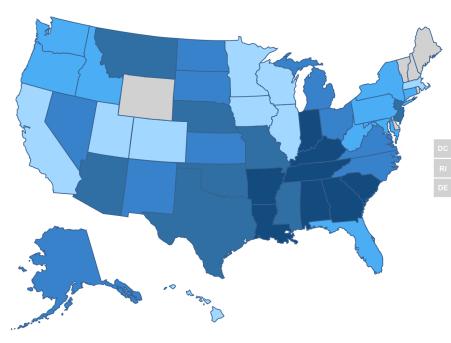
"Near miss" events that could have resulted in death

- Unexpected outcomes of labor and delivery
- Result in significant short- or long-term consequences to a woman's health
- SMM 50,000 to 60,000 women annually



#### Maternal Mortality by State

Number of deaths related to or aggravated by pregnancy (excluding accidental or incidental causes) occurring within 42 days of the end of a pregnancy per 100,000 live births



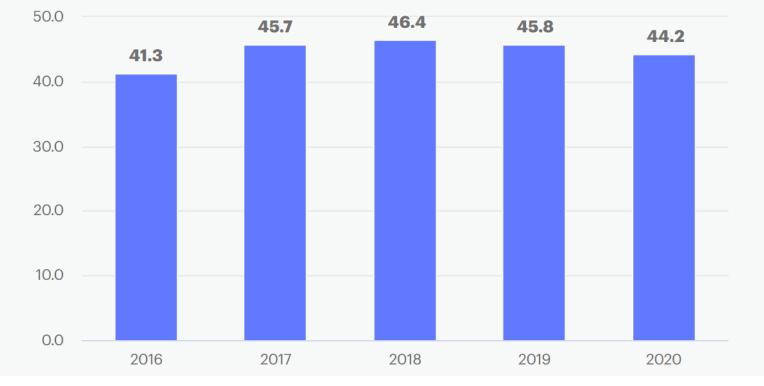
Top States	Rank	Value
California	•	8.4
Wisconsin	•	9.7
Minnesota		10.4
Utah	•	11.7
lowa		12.1
lowa	·	12.1
Bottom States	Rank	
	Rank	
Bottom States	Rank	Value
Bottom States Tennessee	•	Value 31.6
Bottom States Tennessee Arkansas	•	Value 31.6 34.1
Bottom States Tennessee Arkansas Kentucky	•	Value 31.6 34.1 34.6

Data from Federally Available Data, Maternal and Child Health Bureau, Health Resources and Services Administration, 2016-2020

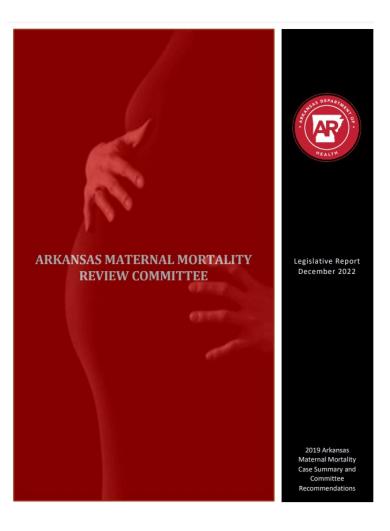
<= 14.1	14.2 - 18.5	18.6 - 21.6	21.7 - 26.5	>= 26.6	No Data

### Medicaid coverage of births: Arkansas, 2016-2020

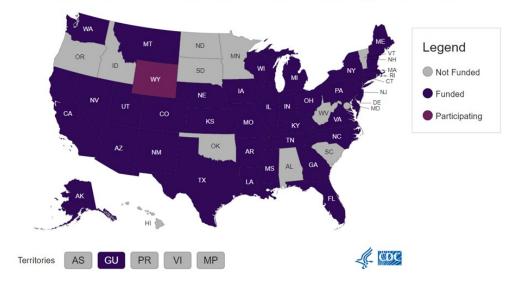
Percent of all births



https://www.marchofdimes.org/peristats/data?reg=05&top=11&stop=154&lev=1&slev=4&obj=1&sreg=05



#### States and US Territories Funded Through ERASE MM



www.cdc.gov/erasemm

### Maternal Mortality Review 2018-2019

	2018-2019
Live births*	73,307
Initial pregnancy-associated deaths identified and reviewed by staff	71
Deaths excluded from Committee review	17
Not pregnant at time or within one year of death	6
Not an Arkansas resident	5
Motor vehicle accident**	4
Accident/trauma	2
Pregnancy-associated deaths reviewed by Committee	54
Pregnancy-related deaths	23
Pregnancy-associated, but not related deaths	20
Pregnancy-associated, but unable to determine relatedness	11

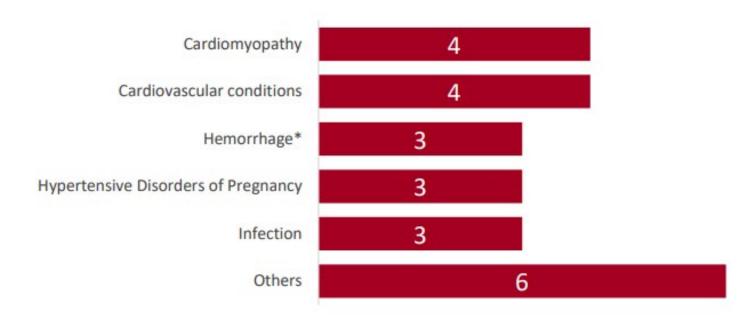
\* Birth data are provisional and subject to change.

\*\* The Committee reviewed two maternal deaths caused by motor vehicle accidents. These cases are included in the "Pregnancy-associated deaths reviewed by Committee" section of this table.

Between 2018 and 2019, Arkansas had 54 pregnancy-associated deaths. This represents a pregnancy-associated mortality ratio of 73.7 deaths per 100,000 births.

#### **Causes of Death**

#### As determined by the Committee, the top underlying causes of pregnancyrelated deaths were cardiovascular conditions, hemorrhage, and cardiomyopathy.

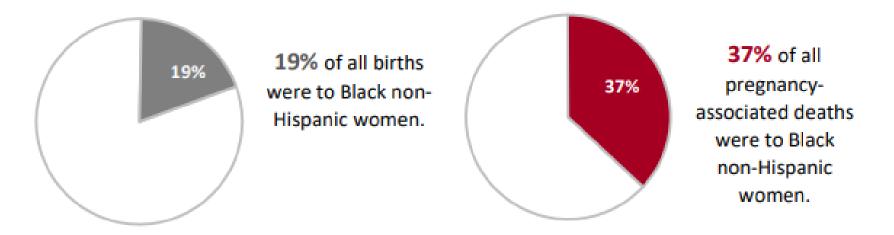


\* Hemorrhage excludes aneurysms or CVA

#### **Pregnancy-Associated Deaths**

#### Pregnancy-Associated Deaths by Race/Ethnicity

Pregnancy-associated deaths can happen to women of any race. However, some groups are disproportionately affected.



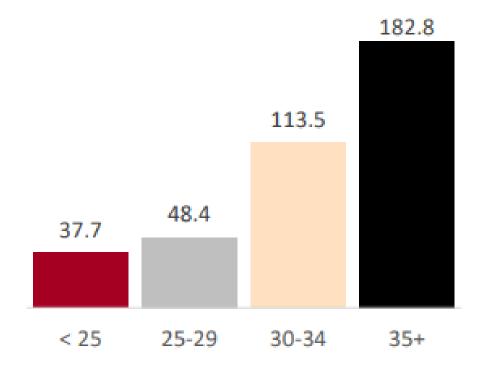
#### Breakdown of Pregnancy-Associated Deaths by Race/Ethnicity



#### Pregnancy-Associated Deaths by Age

The risk of pregnancy-associated death increases with age. Women ages 35 and older have the highest mortality ratio, which was more than six times the mortality ratio of women younger than 25 years old.

#### Pregnancy-Associated Mortality Ratio by Age (per 100,000 births)



#### **Preventability and Chance to Alter Outcomes**

The Committee reviewed all deaths and used the MMRIA Committee Decisions Form to determine if the death could be considered preventable and if there was at least some chance of the death being averted by one or more reasonable changes to patient, family, provider, facility, system and/or community factors.

# 91% of pregnancy-related deaths were considered potentially preventable.

Nine out of ten pregnancy-related deaths (91.3%) were considered preventable. Among those preventable deaths, all (100%) were determined to have either a good chance or some chance to alter the outcome.

### Perinatal Outcomes Workgroup Education and Research (POWER)

- Collaborative workgroup that identifies topics or areas of patient care that need improvement
- Develops plans to implement those improvements
- Has worked to improve maternal and neonatal outcomes by supporting maternal safety bundle implementation in delivering hospitals





### Perinatal Improvement of Outcomes and Safety for Everyone (PRIMROSE)

- Address critical gaps in data systems, health services availability and quality of care to improve maternal health outcomes and reduce disparities in Arkansas
  - Establish a state maternal health taskforce and strategic plan
  - Strengthen data systems for maternal health surveillance
  - Contributing to regionalization of perinatal care
  - Supporting patient engagement in quality improvement
  - Delivering evidence-based group prenatal care to disproportionately-impacted patients in maternity care deserts
  - Preparing emergency providers in rural areas to respond to obstetric emergencies through simulation training

# Arkansas Perinatal Quality Collaborative

- State or multistate networks of teams
- Work to improve the quality of care for mothers and babies
- Examples of work
  - Implement National Safety Bundles
  - Support remote education and training
  - Engage and support providers beyond obstetricians
  - Support networks of care and telehealth

#### PQCs Funded in the United States





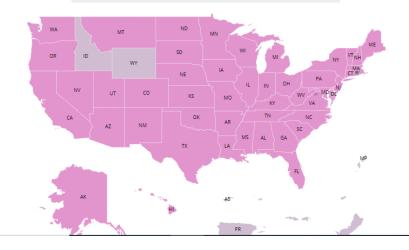
# ALLIANCE FOR INNOVATION ON MATERNAL HEALTH

- A quality improvement initiative to support best practices that make birth safer, improve maternal health outcomes and save lives
- Develops multidisciplinary, clinical-condition specific patient safety bundles to support best practices that make birth safer



#### MAP KEY

CCOC = Cardiac Conditions in Obstetrical Care C/S = Safe Reduction of Primary Caesarean Birth HEM = Obstetric Hemorrhage HTN = Severe Hypertension in Pregnancy MHC = Perinatal Mental Health Conditions PDT = Postpartum Discharge Transition DC = Sepisis in Obstetrical Care JD = Care for Pregnant and Postpartum People th Substance Use Disorder



# AR MOMS

- HRSA grant that targets all women of childbearing age in **<u>11 counties in southwest Arkansas</u>**
- Intent is to create a coordinated, responsive network to improve maternal and neonatal outcomes for at least <u>550 mothers in rural southwestern Arkansas</u>
- Supporting a local, <u>accessible continuum of obstetric care and family strengthening for mother and</u> <u>child health</u> and wellness. AR MOMS teams will provide care in our network hospitals, Cabun Rural Health Services clinics, and <u>CHI St. Vincent - Hot Springs primary care clinics</u>.
- Each county (Calhoun, Clark, Columbia, Dallas, Hot Spring, Howard, Montgomery, Ouachita, Pike, Polk, and Sevier) meets the HRSA parameters for rural designation and all 11 are classified as Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSA) in their entirety.
- Network formed from a committed group of long-time partners including Sevier County Medical Center, Howard Memorial and Dallas County Medical Center; acute care hospital, Magnolia Regional Medical Center; three FQHCs operated by Cabun Rural Health Services; Arkansas CMS; and the Arkansas Rural Health Program (Department of Health).

### Arkansas State Health Improvement Plan AR SHIP Maternal and Infant Health

- Arkansas Department of Health
- Work group oversees the implementation of strategies and work plans connected to two indicators related to Maternal and Infant Health
  - Indicator 1: Infant Mortality Rate
  - Indicator 2: Maternal Mortality Rate

### ARKANSAS MATERNAL AND PERINATAL OUTCOMES QUALITY REVIEW COMMITTEE

- Create a continuous quality improvement process that includes but is not limited to:
  - Reviewing maternal and neonatal data from labor and delivery units, nurseries, and neonatal intensive care units in the state
  - Sharing of aggregate data with the committee aligned with improvement efforts
- Education
- Quality
- Level of Care Site Visits

# Arkansas Children's Hospital Nursery Alliance

A quality collaborative focused on improving neonatal clinical outcomes through partnership and best practice

- Align and recommend best practices across network
- Raise awareness of practice guidelines
- Work to keep patients close to home
- Allocate resources to partners (educations, policy, consultations)
- Capture and present data for benchmarking
- Collaborate on initiatives to support reducing infant mortality
- Post-discharge follow-up by monitoring and measuring late morbidities through an expanded High-Risk Newborn Clinic network



# Breakout Session

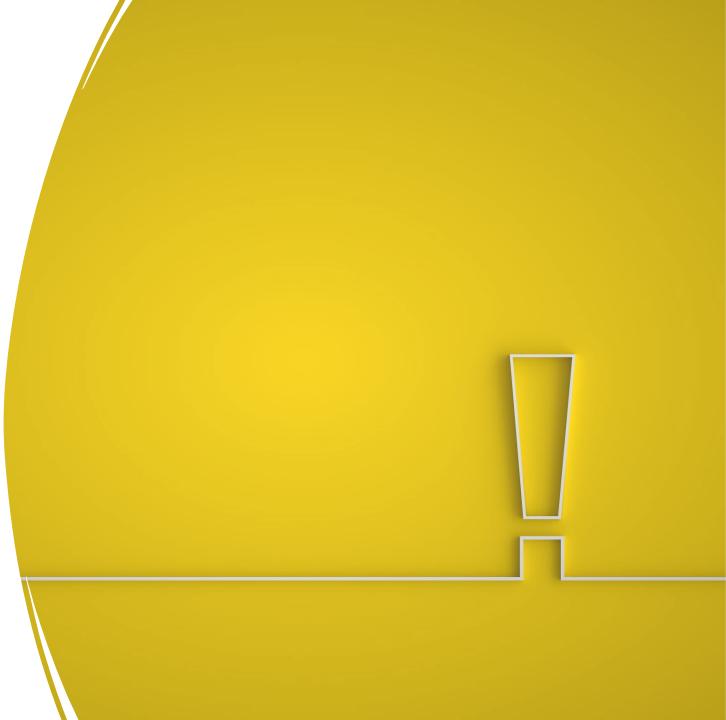
- 1. Introduce yourself.
- 2. Share one thing that your organization/you are working on related to maternal health that you want others to know about.
- 3. Share one thing that you would like to achieve through the the community of practice.

# CENTERING EQUITY IN MATERNAL HEALTH

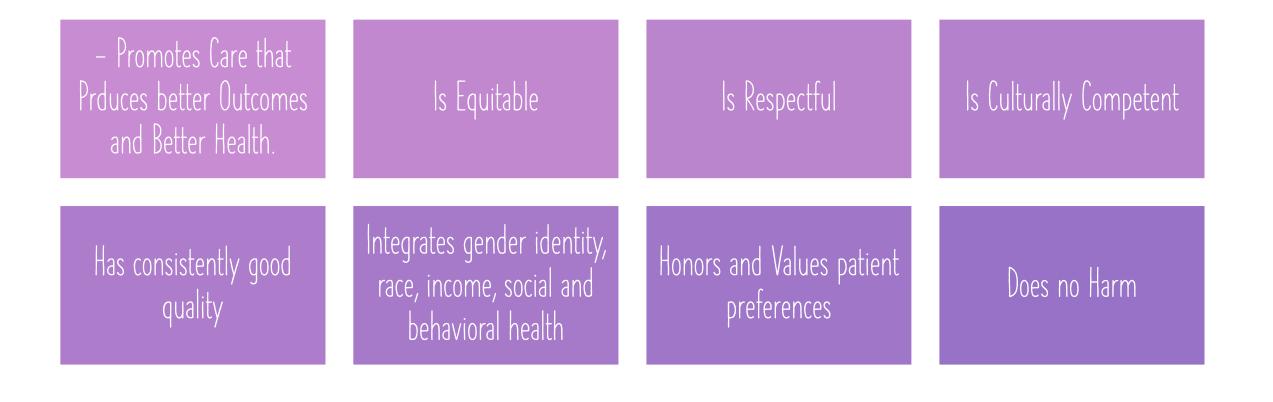
Zenobia Harris, DNP, MPH, RNP Executive Director, Arkansas Birthing Project

## CALL TO ACTION IN ADDRESSING POOR MATERNAL HEALTH IN AMERICA

- - Adverse Maternal Health Outcomes
- -Troubling Racial/Ethnic Disparities
- -Rising Costs of Maternity Care
- Maternity Deserts



# VALUE-ADDED MATERNITY HEALTH CARE



# WHAT DOES HIGH VALUE MATERNITY CARE LOOK LIKE?

- Team-based care including midwives, doulas and community health workers
- Birth Center/Midwifery Model
- Pregnancy Medical Homes and Maternity Care Homes
- Culturally Competent Group Prenatal Care

# HIGH VALUE MATERNITY CARE

- Screening and Management of Prenatal and Postpartum mood and anxiety disorders
- Lactation Support
- Home Visiting Programs
- Nurse Family Partnership

• Source: www.maternalhealthhub.org

# HIGH VALUE MATERNITY CARE

- Medication Assisted treatment for Opioid Use Disorder
- Reproductive Health Planning
- Naming and Addressing Racism, Sexism and Classism in Health care

# WHAT MUST BE DONE TO ELIMINATE HEALTH DISPARITIES

- Treat Equity as a Central Value on par with Quality and Costs
- Create a System of Care that Recognizes and Honors Preferences
- Promote Best Practices and Better Health

Strategic Plan Development

Krista Langston, MBA Executive Director of Community Programs UAMS Institute for Community Health Innovation

## Strategic Plan

### Strategic plan objectives focused on PRIMROSE activities

Broader objectives specific to Arkansas MCH needs

Draft due September

### Strategic Plan Development

Delphi Process

Survey 1: May 22-July 15

5 question survey, be intentional

## Strategic Plan

What are the biggest maternal health challenges in Arkansas?

What factors contribute the most to maternal health disparities in Arkansas?

What strategies are most promising to improve maternal health outcomes in Arkansas?

## Strategic Plan

What strategies are most promising to reduce maternal health disparities?

If you could wave a magic wand and do one thing to improve maternal health in Arkansas, what would it be?



### Questions?

Adjourn

Next meeting: August 17